Lime based paints for interiors and exteriors

Novacolor s.r.l. gives priority to environmental protection and safety in the workplace. For this reason, Novacolor s.r.l. constantly seeks to improve the quality of its products and their production cycles in order to reduce the overall impact on the environment and ensure quality and safety for customers.

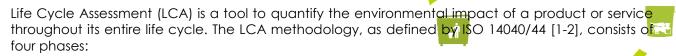
This environmental data sheet shows the environmental information of Era a Pennello: LCA, LEED and other information.

Era a Pennello is a lime-based paint, made of hydrated putty, selected inert and rheological modifiers, which guarantee a perfect workability of the product.

With its formulation, Era a Pennello permits to achieve soft and vibrant shades.

The low thickness of the applied product permits to see "materically" the substrate.

LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENT



- goal and scope definition
- inventory analysis
- impact assessment
- interpretation

The LCA calculation method of San Marco has undergone a critical review by a third part auditor [3].

Goal and scope

The **goal** of this LCA is to provide transparency about the environmental performance of Era a Pennello, to create improvement options and support environmental communication. The functional unit is 1 kg of paint including packaging, with a spreading rate of 0,25-0,5 Kg/sqm. This LCA is a "from cradle to gate with options" study. The **system boundaries** include raw materials, their transportation, processing, packaging and the product and its packaging disposal. Distribution, application, use phase and demolition are excluded because these phases are highly variable.

Inventory analysis

Primary data are used to the most significant processes, like the paint recipe, packaging and factory consumptions and emissions. Data refer to 2014 and are collected at the San Marco Group's factories located in Marcon (VE), Latisana (UD), Forlì, Montemarciano (AN) it refers to the type "BIANCO" in the 20 size (code N398019/20). The end of use of the product and his packaging refers to the Italian situation. Secondary data originate from the ecoinvent v3.1 database [4]. The LCA calculations are performed with the LCA software SimaPro 8.1 [5].

Impact assessment

Life cycle impact assessment has been done with the method PCR 2012:01 v2.0. "Construction products and cpc 54 construction services" [6] and with the standard EN15804 [7], as indicated in the EPD programme of the International EPD Consortium. This method consists of different environmental indicators including the Carbon Footprint, energy content, material resource consumption, water consumption and waste. Table 1 shows the LCA results.



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Table 1: LCA results.

| | | Unit | Total | Upstream (A1) | Core (A2-A3) | Downstream (A4-A5-B-D) | Downstream (C2-C3-C4) |
|----------------------|--|--------------|--------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Global warming | kg CO₂ eq | 0,772 | 0,519 | 0,154 | n.a. | 0,100 |
| ဟု | Ozone depletion | mg CFC-11 eq | 0,062 | 0,037 | 0,023 | n.a. | 0,002 |
| Impact categories | Acidification of land and water | g SO₂ eq | 2,709 | 2,064 | 0,628 | n.a. | 0,017 |
| ateg | Eutrophication | g PO₄³- eq | 3,899 | 1,204 | 0,413 | n.a. | 2,282 |
| act c | Photochemical ozone creation, | g C₂H₄ eq | 0,191 | 0,159 | 0,027 | n.a. | 0,005 |
| <u>m</u> | depletion of abiotic resources (elements) | mg Sb eq | 1,694 | 1,324 | 0,372 | n.a. | -0,002 |
| | depletion of abiotic resources (fossil) | MJ | 11,342 | 9,283 | 2,039 | n.a. | 0,020 |
| | Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials | MJ | 0,925 | 1,712 | 0,147 | n.a. | -0,934 |
| | Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials | MJ | - | - | - | n.a. | - |
| | Total use of renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials) | MJ | 0,925 | 1,712 | 0,147 | n.a. | -0,934 |
| Resource consumption | Use of non- renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials | MJ | 12,407 | 10,161 | 2,219 | n.a. | 0,028 |
| rce con | Use of non- renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials | MJ | - | - | - | n.a. | - |
| Resou | Total use of non- renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials) | MJ | 12,407 | 10,161 | 2,219 | n.a. | 0,028 |
| | Use of secondary material | kg | 0,000 | 0,000 | 0,000 | n.a. | 0,000 |
| | Use of renewable secondary fuels | MJ | 0,000 | 0,000 | 0,000 | n.a. | 0,000 |
| | Use of non-renewable secondary fuels | MJ | 0,000 | 0,000 | 0,000 | n.a. | 0,000 |
| | Direct and indirect consumption of fresh water | m³ | 0,004 | 0,004 | 0,001 | n.a. | 0,000 |
| | Hazardous waste disposed | kg | 0,009 | 0,004 | 0,005 | n.a. | 0,000 |
| Waste disposal | Non-hazardous waste disposed | kg | 0,832 | 0,019 | 0,078 | n.a. | 0,734 |
| § disp | Radioactive waste disposed | kg | 0,000 | 0,000 | 0,000 | n.a. | 0,000 |

Interpretation

The LCA results indicate that the largest contributions come from upstream processes (i.e. raw materials). The global warming potential of 1 kg of Era a Pennello is 0.772 kg CO_2 eq and its water consumption is 4 litres. The negative value of renewable energy content is caused by the pallet reuse.

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LEED

LEED means Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design. It is a voluntary program that provides third-party verification of green buildings. It provides building owners and operators a tool to understand their building's environmental performance and to create healthy indoor spaces.

In order to obtain LEED certification, projects must satisfy prerequisites and earn points (there is a threshold). The number of points the project earns determines its level of LEED certification.

LEED is a certification system that deals with the environmental performance of buildings based on overall characteristics of the project. Although LEED does not certify products and services of individual companies, products and services do play a role and can help projects with credit achievement.

The table below shows Era a Pennellopotential contribution to the different **LEED credits** of the LEED 2009 Rating System for New Construction and Major Renovations [8] and of LEED v4 Building Design and Construction [9]. Table 2 shows the possible contribution of the paint to potential credits, if used properly.

Table 2: Potential LEED credits.

| LEED 2009 Credits | Description | Possible points |
|----------------------|---|-----------------|
| MR credit 5 | Regional Materials | 1-2 points |
| IEQ credit 3.2 | Construction Indoor air quality management plan | 1 point |
| IEQ credit 4.2 | Low-Emitting Materials Paints and Coatings | 1 point |
| LEED v4 Credits | Description | Possible points |
| | | |
| MR credit | Building Life-Cycle Impact Reduction | 1-5 points |
| MR credit | Building Life-Cycle Impact Reduction Building product disclosure and optimization — Environmental Product Declarations | 1-5 points |

Novacolor s.r.l. does not guarantee that credits will be obtained by projects pursuing LEED certification. The designer or engineer will need to evaluate and verify if the project complies with the LEED requirements.

OTHER INFORMATION

VOC Dir. 2004/42/EC : label [10]

Limit value EU (Dir. 2004/42/EC)

Cat. C: Coatings for exterior walls of mineral substrate (water-base): 40 g/l (2010)

Thermoplast Medium Contains max: 40 g/I VOC

VOC Dir. 2004/42/EC - actual content (no tinting and no dilution)

< 2 g/l of VOC



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ECODESIGN INDEX

Counter of ecodesign activities affecting the coating, accomplished by the company.

| N° | Activity item | Date |
|----|---------------|----------|
| 1° | First Issue | Apr 2016 |

References

- [1] ISO 14040, 2006: Environmental management, Life cycle assessment, Principles and framework. CEN, EN ISO 14040:2006 (www.iso.org).
- [2] ISO 14044, 2006: Environmental management, Life cycle assessment, Requirements and guidelines. CEN, EN ISO 14044:2006 (www.iso.org).
- [3] EN 15804, 2014: Sustainability of construction works Environmental product declarations Core rules for the product category of construction products (www.cen.eu)
- [4] Ecoinvent, 2014: Database ecoinvent v3.1. Swiss Centre for Life Cycle Assessment, (<u>www.ecoinvent.ch</u>).
- [5] PRé, 2015: LCA software SimaPro 8.1.0 PRé Consultants, the Netherlands (<u>www.pre-sustainability.com</u>).
- [6] PCR 2012:01 v2.0 "Construction products and cpc 54 construction services". Product Category Rules (PCR) for preparing an environmental product declaration (EPD) for construction products and construction services, the Swedish Environmental Management Council (www.environdec.com).
- [7] EN15804, 2014: Sustainability of construction works, Environmental product declarations, Core rules for the product category of construction products (www.cen.eu)
- [8] USGBC, LEED 2009 Rating System for New Construction and Major Renovations (www.usgbc.org/leed)
- [9] USGBC, LEED v4 Building Design and Construction (www.usgbc.org/leed)
- [10][11] Directive 2004/42/CE of the European Parliament and of the Council on the limitation of emissions of volatile organic compounds due to the use of organic solvents in certain paints and varnishes and vehicle refinishing products and amending Directive 1999/13/EC (21 april 2004)

